<b>Index Number:</b>	

# Primary: School Achievement: Certificate Assessment

kaminationssyndicatemauritiusexamina

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- 1. Check that this assessment booklet contains 10 questions printed on 17 pages numbered 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18.
- 2. Write your Index Number on the assessment booklet in the space provided above.
- 3. You should not use red, green or black ink in answering questions.
- 4. Write all your answers clearly in the assessment booklet.
- **5.** Attempt **all** questions.

Question Mark		ng	Revision		Control	
Question	Marks	Sig	Marks	Sig	Marks	Sig
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
Total						
Sig (HoG)						

# QUESTION 1 (18 marks)

#### Part A

Circle the correct answer. Each item carries one mark.

1. In which continent is the river Nile found?

	A	Africa
	В	Asia
	С	Australia
	D	Europe
2.	Wha	at is the longest line of latitude?
	Α	The Greenwich Meridian
	В	The Tropic of Capricorn
	С	The Equator
	D	The Arctic Circle
3.	Whi	ch of the following is the <b>oldest</b> relief feature of Mauritius?  Central Plateau
	В	Plains
	С	Central Ridge
	D	Mountain ranges

4.	The	rearing of animals only is called
	A	mixed farming
	В	pastoral farming
	С	plantation agriculture
	D	market gardening
5.	One	physical factor influencing farming is
	Α	soil
	В	labour
	С	transport
	D	location
6.	We a	are in the year 2023. In which century are we?
	Α	20th century
	В	21st century
	С	22nd century
	D	23rd century
7.	Whe	re did the Dutch first land in Mauritius?
	Α	Vieux Grand Port
	В	Ferney
	С	Mahebourg
	D	Ile de la Passe

8.	The island of Rodrigues was named by the		
	Α	Arabs	
	В	Dutch	
	С	French	
	D	Portuguese	
9.	Man	ioc was brought to Mauritius from	
	A	Brazil	
	В	China	
	С	East Indies	
	D	Madagascar	
10.	Whi	ch village did Governor Decaen build?	
	A	Cap Malheureux	
	В	Flacq	
	С	Mahebourg	
	D	Souillac	[10]

R HG QC CE

#### Part B

Write **True** or **False** after each statement.

1.	The first Dutch settler to land in Rodrigues was Wolphart Harmensen.	
2.	Rodrigues is the smallest island of the Mascarene Islands.	
3.	Among the European explorers, the French were the first to arrive in the Indian Ocean.	
4.	Olivier Le Vasseur was a famous pirate.	
5.	The British defeated the French in the battle of Grand Port in August 1810.	
6.	The Mauritian Government has passed laws to protect the environment against different forms of pollution.	
7.	Most tropical cyclones are formed in the months of July and August.	
8.	The Queen of Britain was the Head of State of Mauritius from 1968 to 1992.	
	110111 1000 to 1002.	[8]

М

HG

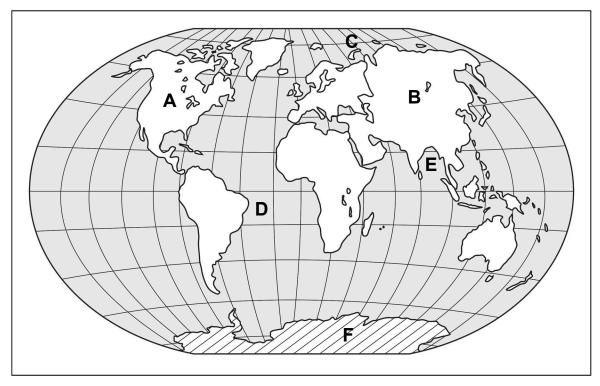
CE

QC

## QUESTION 2 (9 marks)

Study **Map 1** below. It shows the map of the world with continents and oceans.

Then answer the questions that follow.



Map 1

(a)	a) Name		
	(i)	Continent A:	[1]
	(ii)	Continent B:	[1]
(b)	Nam	e	
	(i)	Ocean <b>C</b> :	[1]
	(ii)	Ocean <b>D</b> :	[1]
(c)	Cho	ose the correct answer.	
	(i)	Sea E is the (Mozambique Channel, Bay of Bengal).	[1]
	(ii)	The Andes range of mountains is found in	 [1]

	(iii)	The river Mississippi is found in	Marks
	` ,	(North America, Europe)	[1]
	(iv)	Which continent is furthest away from Mauritius?	
		(Asia, North America)	[1]
(d)		shaded region F is theblest, hottest) part of the Earth.	[1] R
			QC
QU	ESTI	ON 3 (10 marks)	CE
Po	ort Lo	uis: From a harbour to a well-equipped port and capital city of Maur	itius
1.	(a)	Tick (✓) the correct box.	
		Port Louis was chosen to be the port of Mauritius instead of Grand Port by Dutch French	fill
	(b)	(i) Give one <b>disadvantage</b> that Grand Port had as a port.	
			[2]
		(ii) Give one <b>advantage</b> that Port Louis had as a port.	
			[2]
2.	•	rt from houses and roads, name <b>three</b> other developments that Mahourdonnais brought to Port Louis.	né de
	(i)		
	(ii)		
	(iii)		[3]

	_
M	
R	1
HG	1

CE

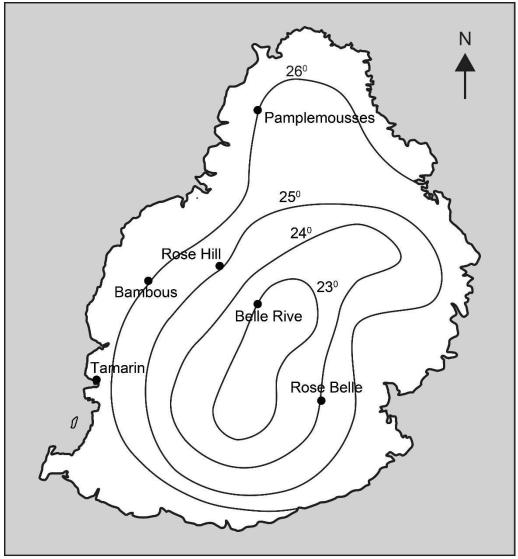
Explain why Port Louis is considered to be an important place in Mauritius today.

## QUESTION 4 (11 marks)

3.

1. Study Map 2 below carefully. It shows the average temperature for the month of January in Mauritius.

Then answer questions (a) and (b).



Map 2

Marks
-------

(i)	Lines joining all places having the same temperature are called		IVIC
		[1]	
(ii)	On <b>Map 2</b> , shade like this the area having an average temperator of less than 23° C.	ture [1]	
(i)	What is the average temperature at Pamplemousses?		
	° C	[1]	
(ii)	What is the average temperature at Belle Rive?		М
	° C	[1]	R
(iii)	Give one reason why the temperatures at Pamplemousses and Belle Rive are not the same.		HG
			QC
		[2]	CE
	(ii) (i)	<ul> <li>(ii) On Map 2, shade like this the area having an average temperar of less than 23° C.</li> <li>(i) What is the average temperature at Pamplemousses?  C  What is the average temperature at Belle Rive?  C  Give one reason why the temperatures at Pamplemousses and</li> </ul>	(ii) On Map 2, shade like this the area having an average temperature of less than 23° C. [1]  (i) What is the average temperature at Pamplemousses?

2. Study **Diagram 1** carefully. It shows the average rainfall in Curepipe in a year. Then answer the questions below.

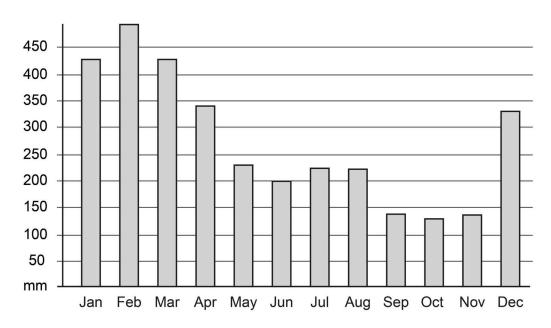


Diagram 1: Average rainfall in Curepipe

(a)	(i)	Name the month with the highest amount of rainfall.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Name the month with the lowest amount of rainfall.	
			[1]
(b)	How	many millimetres of rain does Curepipe get in June?	
		mm	[1]
(c)	Give	one reason why the amount of rainfall is not the same throughout the year	
			[0]
			[2]

R HG QC CE

# QUESTION 5 (8 marks)

(a)	Choose	the	correct	answer.
-----	--------	-----	---------	---------

	(i)	In 1691, (François Leguat, Robert Surcouf) went to settle in Rodrigues with his friends.	[1]
	(ii)	They settled near	[1]
	(iii)	They made arrack from	[1]
	(iv)	One bird that they saw was the (Pink pigeon, Solitaire).	[1]
(b)	Apa	art from making arrack, name <b>two</b> activities that the settlers did on the isla	nd.
	• •		[2]
(c)	Giv	e <b>one</b> reason why these settlers left Rodrigues.	
			[2]

М	
R	
HG	
QC	
CE	

# QUESTION 6 (10 marks)

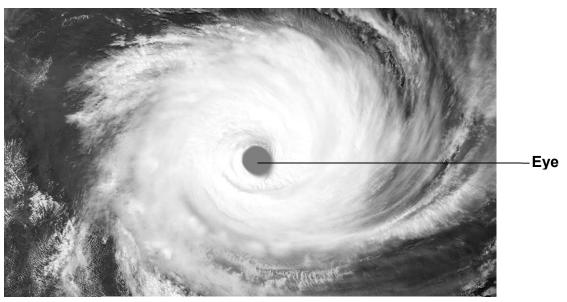
During the colonial period, slaves and indentured labourers were brought to Mauritius.

Cho	ose the correct answer.	
(i)	Slaves were brought to Mauritius by the	
	(Arabs, French, Portuguese	<del>)</del> ).
(ii)	Indian indentured labourers were brought to Mauritius by the	
	(British, French, Dutch).	
		[2]
	es were not free.	
Give	<b>two</b> examples to show that they were <b>not</b> free.	
(i)		
(ii)		
		[4
(i)	Give one reason why Indian indentured labourers were brought to Ma	auritiu
		[2]
(ii)	What was the duration of their contract?	
(11)	What was the daration of their somitage.	Γ <b>4</b> .
		[1]
(iii)	How much money were they paid monthly for their work?	

R HG QC CE

# QUESTION 7 (10 marks)

## Natural hazards affect people and the environment.



Picture 1: Satellite picture of a cyclone

	·	
(a)	Give <b>two</b> types of weather conditions associated with the eye of a tropical cyc	clone.
	(i)	
	(ii)	[2]
(b)	Give one reason why Mauritius has been experiencing flash floods in recent	years.
		[2]
(c)	What causes earthquakes to occur?	
		[2]

N/	2	r	b	_
IVI	н	П	κ	5

HG

QC

CE

(d)	(i)	Volcanic eruptions emit ash. One such eruption occurred in Iceland in 2010 and thousands of flights were cancelled.
		Suggest one reason why flights were cancelled.
		[2]
	(ii)	Although volcanoes are hazards, they also have advantages. Give two advantages of volcanoes.
		1
		2
		[2]

# QUESTION 8 (8 marks)

## Health and Education in the past

(a)	(i)	Name one disease that killed many people in the 19th century.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Give one reason why there were various diseases in the past.	
			[2]
	(iii)	Give one measure that was taken to provide health facilities to the people	e.
			[1]
	(iv)	Many people left Port Louis because of diseases. Where did they go to settle?	
			[1]
(b)	(i)	During the French period, few children could go to school.  Give one reason why.	
			[2]
	(ii)	Choose the correct answer.	
		One person who built schools in Port Louis and in villages was	
		(Reverend Jean Lebrun, Sir Robert Farquhar).	[1]

HG QC

CE

## QUESTION 9 (8 marks)

(a)	Independence Day and Republic Day are celebrated on the 12th of March.		
	This celebration is known as	[1]	

(b) **Figure 1** below shows the Coat of Arms of Mauritius. Study it carefully and answer the questions that follow.



Figure 1: Coat of Arms of Mauritius

(i)	Name the bird found on the Coat of Arms of Mauritius.	
		[1]
(ii)	What does 'Stella Clavisque Maris Indici' mean?	
		[2]
(iii)	The sugar cane crop is shown on the Coat of Arms.  Give one reason why.	
		[2]

(c)	Our National Flag has four colours.
	Which colour represents

(i)	the abundant vegetation?	colour	[1]
(ii)	the Indian Ocean?	colour	[1]

HG

CE

[1]

# QUESTION 10 (8 marks)

Picture 2 below shows a monument found at Poudre d'Or.



Picture 2: Monument at Poudre d'Or

(a)	(i)	Name the monument in <b>Picture 2</b> .	
			[1]
	(ii)	What does this monument commemorate?	
			-
			[2]

(b) **Picture 3** below shows the Fort Frederik Hendrik Museum.



Picture 3: Fort Frederik Hendrik Museum

(i)		•	
	ol Gabilei Giluicii		
	St Gabriel Church	Plaine Corail airport	
	Port Mathurin marketplace	Marragon's Tomb	
	•	t <b>two</b> places of historical interest in	
			[2]
(ii)	What story does this museum tell us?		
(1)			[1]
	(ii) From	(ii) What story does this museum tell us?  From the list of places provided below, select Rodrigues:	From the list of places provided below, select <b>two</b> places of historical interest in Rodrigues:  Port Mathurin marketplace  Marragon's Tomb

R HG

CE

#### **BLANK PAGE**

# **BLANK PAGE**